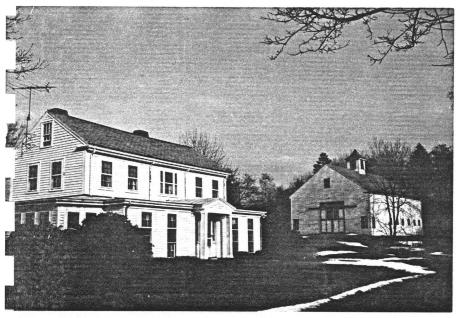
FORM B - BUILDING

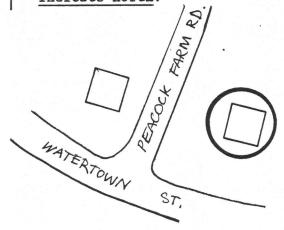
AREA FORM NO. S 548

MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION 294 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON, MA 02108



SKETCH MAP

Show property's location in relation to nearest cross streets and/or geographical features. Indicate <u>all</u> buildings between inventoried property and nearest intersection. Indicate north.



Recorded by Anne Grady

Organization Lexinton Historical Commission

Date March, 1984

wn Lexington
dress 3 Peacock Farm Road
storic Name Peacock Farm House
e: Present residence
Original residence and farm
DESCRIPTION:
ıte <u>e. 1830</u> c. 1835 Barn
Source stylistic analysis
Style Federal/Greek Revival
Architect
Exterior wall fabric clapboards
Outbuildings mid- to late-nineteenth
century barn
Major alterations (with dates) one-story
addition to south and west sides, ell to
east (dates unknown)
MovedDate
Approx. acreage 1.55 A.
Setting At beginning of road into a
development of contemporary houses; devel-
opment's common land of swamy and meadow

lie just north of the house.

(Staple additional sheets here)

ARCHITECTURAL SIGNIFICANCE (Describe important architectural features and evaluate in terms of other buildings within the community.)

This is one of many five-bay wide, one-room deep with rear chimneys dwellings built in East Lexington in the second quarter of the nineteenth century. Simple trim of corner boards frieze board relate the building to the Greek Revival style. The three-part window over the door is more of a Federal feature, however.

HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE (Explain the role owners played in local or state history and how the building relates to the development of the community.)

In 1852, Phineas Lawrence owned this house and two others in the immediate area. Lawrence (b. 1775, d. 1864) moved from Waltham four years after his marriage to Polly Wellington c. 1796 into an area of Lexington where members of the Wellington family already lived. Lawrence served as a state representative.

Before 1906, George Norton, a soap manufacturer from Winsor, Connecticut purchased the property for use as a summer residence. George Mason became the owner some time thereafter and the property remained in the Mason family until 1973. In 1951, the acreage of the farm was sold for the Peacock Farm development. In the early twentieth century peacocks were raised on the farm.

(see Aca S.)

BIBLIOGRAPHY and/or REFERENCES (name of publication, author, date and publisher)

Hudson, Charles. History of the Town of Lexington, revised and continued to 1912 by the Lexington Historical Society, Volume II, p. 355. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1913.

Kelley, Beverly Allison. <u>Lexington</u>, A Century of Photographs, p. 11. Boston: Lexington Historical Society, 1980.

1830 map

1852 map

1875 atlas

1889 atlas

1906 atlas